CLEAR REGULATIONS

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IAEA REGULATIONS

- The IAEA has produced Regulations related to the transport of radioactive material for around 50 years
- The latest Edition (2009) is based on several revisions of an Edition published in 1996
- Changes have been incremental over this period
- Significant rewrites have not taken place



IAEA REGULATIONS

- Provide a good technical basis for the safe transport of radioactive material worldwide
 - Strong justification that they should not change
 - Conversely, there appear to be areas of the regulations where competent authorities have different interpretations
- Collaboration between authorities leads to a greater common understanding
- Changing the text might change the requirements



IAEA REGULATIONS

- Suggest that the requirements might be subject to some interpretation
- Greater collaboration leads to common interpretation
- How do we capture this?



General prohibition

 Consignments for which conformity with the other provisions of these Regulations is impracticable **shall not** be transported except under special arrangement



Para 423

Radioactive material which is enclosed in or is included as a component part of an instrument or other manufactured article, may be classified under UN 2911, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE — INSTRUMENTS or ARTICLES, only if:

- (a) The *radiation level* at 10 cm from any point on the external surface of any unpackaged instrument or article **is not** greater than 0.1 mSv/h;
- (b) Each instrument or article **bears** the marking "RADIOACTIVE" **except**:
 - (i) Radioluminescent timepieces or devices; or
 - (ii) Consumer products **that have either** received regulatory approval according to para. 107(d) **or do not** individually exceed the activity limit for an exempt *consignment* in Table 2 (column 5), **provided that** such products are transported in a *package* **that bears** the marking "RADIOACTIVE" on an internal surface in such a manner that warning of the presence of *radioactive material* is visible on opening the *package*;
- (c) The active material <u>is</u> completely <u>enclosed</u> by non-active components (a device performing the sole function of containing *radioactive material* <u>shall not be</u> considered to be an instrument or manufactured article);
- (d) The limits specified in columns 2 and 3 of Table 5 <u>are met</u> for each individual item and each *package*, respectively; and
- (e) For transport by post, the total activity in each *excepted package* **shall not** exceed one tenth of the relevant limits specified in column 3 of Table 5.



Uncluttering 423 requirements

- "Shall" is in 401
- 423 (b) (ii)
 - 401 shall
 - 423 may be ... only if
 - 423 (b) bears ... except
 - 423 (b) (ii) that have either
 - 423 (b) (ii) or do not
 - 423 (b) (ii) provided that
 - 423 (b) (ii) that bears



Uncluttering 423 requirements

- (d) The <u>limits</u> specified in columns 2 and 3 of Table 5 <u>are met</u> for each individual item and each *package*, respectively; and
- (e) For transport by post, the total activity in each *excepted package* **shall not exceed** one tenth of the relevant **limits** specified in column 3 of Table 5.



509

If it is evident that a *package* is damaged or leaking, or if it is suspected that the *package* may have leaked or been damaged,

access to the package shall be restricted and

a qualified person shall, as soon as possible, assess the extent of *contamination* and the resultant *radiation level* of the *package*. The scope of the assessment shall include the *package*, the *conveyance*, the adjacent loading and unloading areas, and, if necessary, all other material which has been carried in the *conveyance*. When necessary, additional steps for the protection of persons, property and the environment, in accordance with provisions established by the relevant *competent authority*, shall be taken to overcome and minimize the consequences of such leakage or damage.



Uncluttering 509 requirements

evident that a package is damaged or leaking,

suspected that the *package* may have leaked or been damaged,

Evident that a package has leaked or been damaged?

Suspected .. May have .. Been damaged. WHEN?



Uncluttering 509 requirements

```
{If it is evident ... or ... if it is suspected ...}
Then (added for clarity)
{{access to the package ... and ... a qualified
  person shall, .... {The scope of the
  assessment shall ...}}
and (added for clarity)
When necessary, ... shall be ...}
```



UN Orange Book

- 2.0.4.2 Samples of the substance shall be transported in accordance with the requirements applicable to the tentative assigned proper shipping name provided:
- (a) ...
- (b) The substance ... a radioactive material
- (c) ...
- (d) ... not exceeding 2.5kg ...and
- (e)



SIMPLER STRUCTURE

- New IAEA format
 - who shall do what, and when they shall do it.
 - This can then be supplemented by how they shall do it



THE DANGERS OF MAKING TEXT BETTER

- the perfect is the enemy of the good
- common understanding is established
- training is effective at describing the requirements
- part fixes can introduce inconsistencies
- can lead to changes in interpretation leading to differences in application



THE WAY FORWARD

- complete re-write of the requirements is not a task that is simple
- discourage "improvements" in text where there is no clear safety benefit
- ensure we do not add to complexity
 - editorial review of all changes
 - initiated with the review cycle that is currently underway



THE WAY FORWARD

- fundamental review of the underlying principles behind the requirements
 - process is due to start in 2010 (next week)
 - side effect identify areas that can be improved
- review the incorporation of requirements in other standards
 - process under discussion
 - may be initiated as early as the end of 2010



CONCLUSIONS

- The current requirements set out an acceptable level of safety for the transport of radioactive material
- There are obviously improvements that can be made in the text to aid clarity
- Partial "improvements" can lead to a worse situation



CONCLUSIONS

- A comprehensive review is important to ensure any changes are indeed beneficial
- Phasing in improvements as paragraphs are changed for safety reasons seems to be an acceptable way forward in the meantime
- A comprehensive review is being initiated related to:
 - Technical basis of requirements
 - Incorporation of requirements in other standards



Thank you

The future Working together

