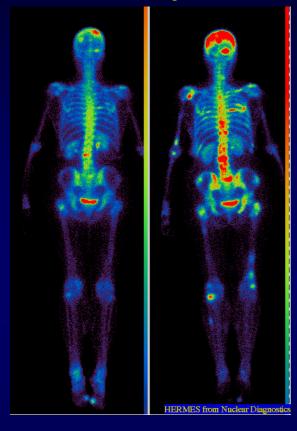
DENIAL OF SHIPMENT

Presentation by:
Geoff Leach
Manager, Dangerous Goods Office
Civil Aviation Authority





Importance Of Medical Shipments



Technetium-99m/ Molybdenum-99 (6 hours)

Diagnosing heart conditions; bone, brain disorders.

lodine-123: (13.2 hours)
Detecting thyroid, brain disorders, heart function

Yttrium-90: (64.1 hours)
Cancer treatment



Thallium-201: (3.0 days)
Detecting clogged arteries



Carried on all types of aircraft















UN

Recommendations



ADR



IMO

RID



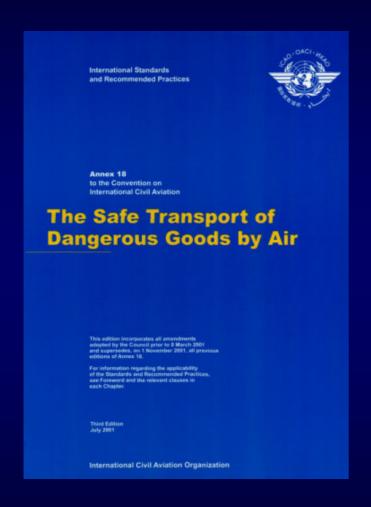


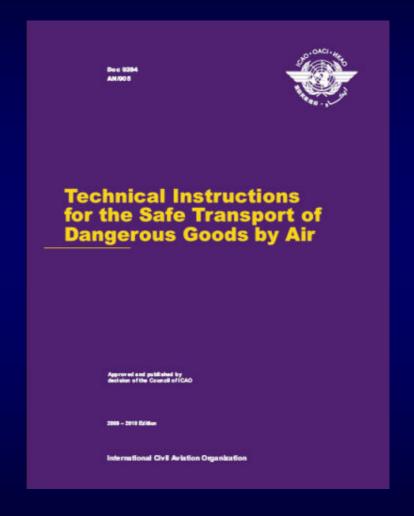






LAW AND SOURCE DOCUMENTS

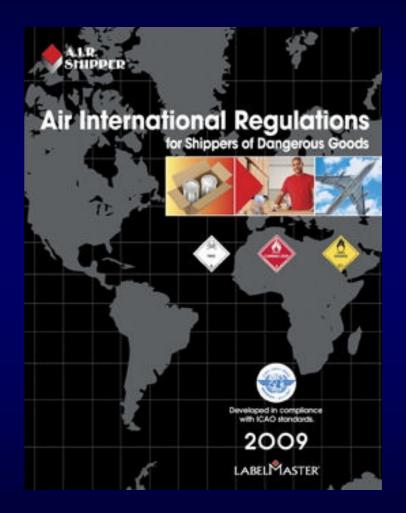






FIELD DOCUMENTS







TYPES OF DENIAL

- Company policy
- → Failing an acceptance check
- → Flight crew interpretation





COMPANY POLICY

		The state of the s	
RADIOACTIVE	Total Sum of TI	Minimum Distance metres	
	0.1 to 1.0	0.30	A
	1.1 to 2.0	0.50	
	2.1 to 3.0	0.70	
	•••	***	
	290.1 to 300	10.80	

COMPANY POLICY





Non-transport issues





ACCEPTANCE CHECK





NATURE AND QUANTITY OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Dangerous Go					
Proper Shipping Name	Class or Divi- sion	UN or ID No.	Pack- ing Group	Subsi- diary Risk	
Radiactive material, Type A package	7	UN 2915			



es of this Declaration must **WARNING** Failure to comply in all respects with the applicable Dangerous Goods Regulations may be in breach of the applicable law, subject to legal penalties. This Airport of Departure Declaration must not, in any circumstances, be completed and/or signed by a consolidator, a forwarder or an IATA cargo agent. STANSTED Shipment type (delete non applicable) **OTTAWA**

OF DANGEROUS GOODS

ss or Division, UN Number or Identification Number, Packing Group (if required), and all



This should help.....

"Minor discrepanciesif they do not compromise safety..... should not be considered as reason for rejecting a consignment."

"....it is recommended that States should not penalize operators and handling agents who accept dangerous goods despite minor discrepancies being noted."



FLIGHT CREW INTERPRETATION









IN CONCLUSION

- 1. The "denial" issue comes in different forms in air transport;
- 2. The "denial" issue must not be thought of as being solely an air transport, or even a transport, issue;
- 3. Acceptance staff should be encouraged not to reject for minor errors;
- 4. 3. can only succeed if aviation regulators apply a reasonable attitude to enforcement;
- 5. Flight crew training should cover the importance of the transport of radioactive material by air